Supplementary File

In vitro cytotoxic potential of Nephthea sp. and its silver nanoparticles against hepatic and colon

cancer cells assisted with molecular docking studies

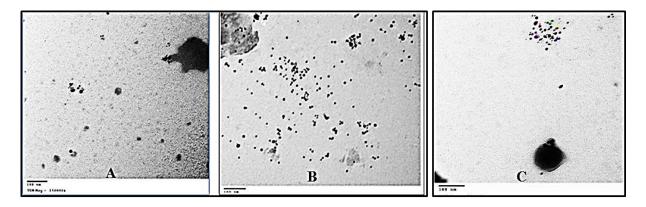


Figure S1: TEM photos of the prepared AgNPs of the total extract of Nephthea sp. (A) and its

petroleum ether (B) and ethyl acetate (C) fractions.

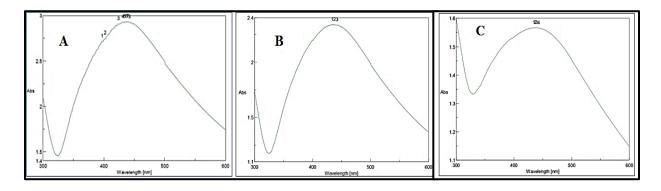


Figure S2: UV–Vis spectra after the preparation of AgNPs of the total extract of *Nephthea* sp. (A) and its petroleum ether (B) and ethyl acetate (C) fractions.

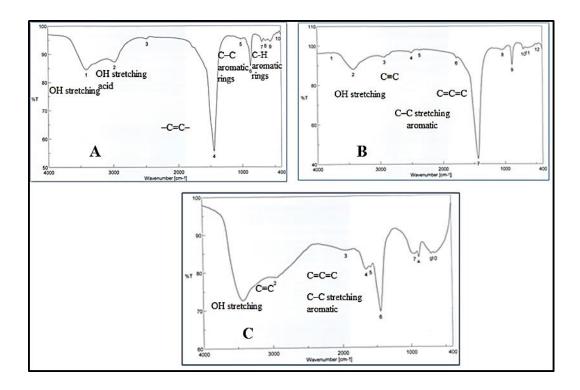
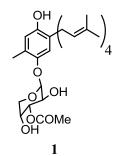
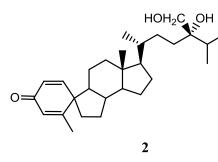
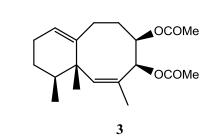
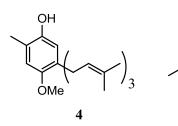


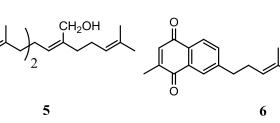
Figure S3: FT-IR spectra after the preparation of AgNPs of the total extract of *Nephthea* sp. (A) and its petroleum ether (B) and ethyl acetate (C) fractions.

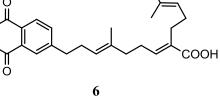


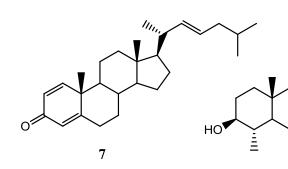


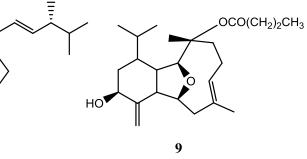


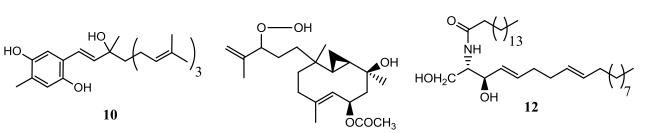












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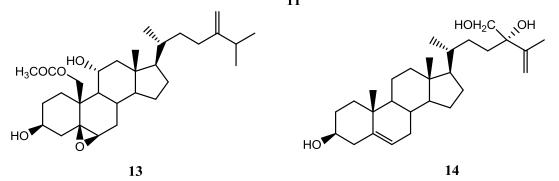


Figure S4: Structures of compounds (1–14) of the soft coral *Nephthea* sp.

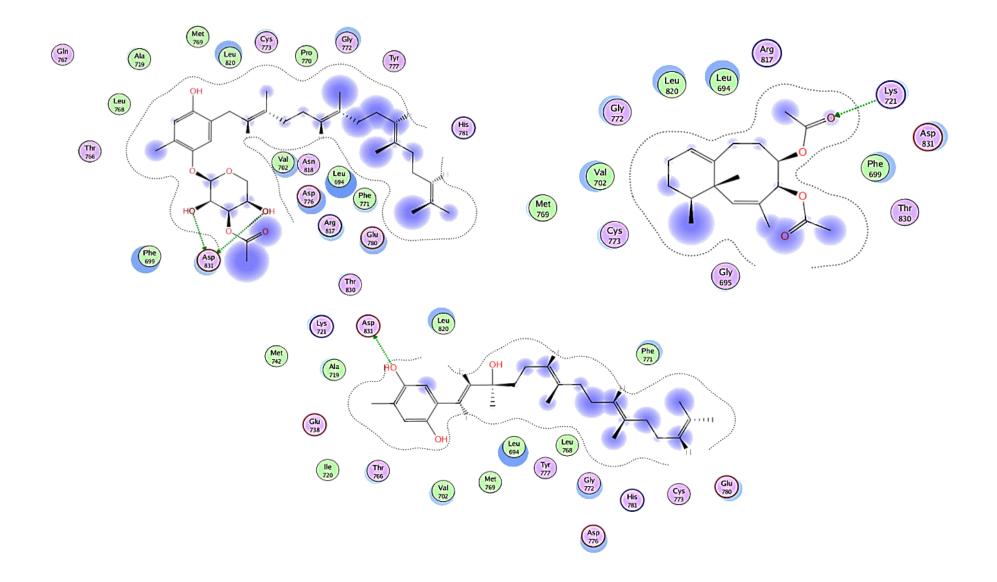


Figure S5: Molecular docking poses of (A) compound 1, (B) compound 3, and (C) compound 10 into the active site of EGFR (PDB code: 1M17).